

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
DALLAS DIVISION

O.G. JACKSON, SR.,	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
v.	§	Civil No. 3:16-CV-2615-B-
BK	§	
	§	
CHARLES ROSENBURG, Executive	§	
Director of the U.S. Drug Enforcement	§	
Agency, et al.,	§	
Defendants.	§	
	§	

ORDER ACCEPTING FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATION OF  
THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

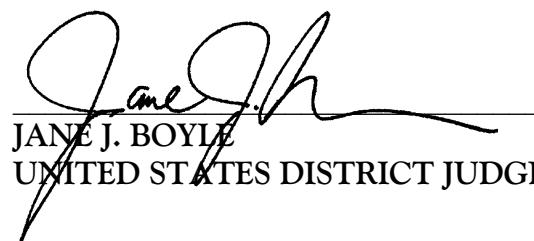
The United States Magistrate Judge made Findings, Conclusions, and a Recommendation in this case. Plaintiff/Petitioner filed objections, and the District Court has made a *de novo* review of those portions of the proposed findings and recommendation to which objection was made. The objections are overruled, and the Court **ACCEPTS** the Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation of the United States Magistrate Judge.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this action is summarily **DISMISSED** with prejudice as frivolous. See 28 U.S.C. §1915(e)(2)(B). Plaintiff is **WARNED** that if he persists in filing frivolous or baseless actions, the Court may impose monetary sanctions and/or bar him from bringing any further action..

The Court **CERTIFIES** that any appeal of this action would not be taken in good faith. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3); FED. R. APP. P. 24(a)(3). In support of this finding, the Court adopts and incorporates by reference the Magistrate Judge's Findings, Conclusions, and Recommendation. See *Baugh v. Taylor*, 117 F.3d 197, 202 n.21 (5th Cir. 1997). Based on the

Findings and Recommendation, the Court finds that any appeal of this action would present no legal point of arguable merit and would, therefore, be frivolous. *Howard v. King*, 707 F.2d 215, 220 (5th Cir. 1983).<sup>1</sup> In the event of an appeal, Plaintiff/Petitioner may challenge this certification by filing a separate motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* on appeal with the Clerk of the Court, U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit. See *Baugh*, 117 F.3d at 202; FED. R. APP. P. 24(a)(5).

SO ORDERED this 10<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2017.



JANE J. BOYLE  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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<sup>1</sup>Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a) governs the time to appeal an order. A timely notice of appeal must be filed even if the district court certifies an appeal as not taken in good faith.